CLEARINGHOUSE ON SUPERVISED VISITATION October 2023 E-Press

aren Oehme, Director ehme@fsu.edu Contents		Contact the Clearinghou 850-644-1	
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Upcoming Phone Conferences

- Oct 18, 2023 @ 12PM/11CT
- Nov 15, 2023 @12PM/11CT
- Dec 20, 2023 @12PM/11CT

Offering parents an opportunity to participate in a parenting study! See next page for more information.







Researchers from Florida State University are conducting surveys and interviews with parents involved in DCF. We want to learn from you. Your responses can help improve the system and help other parents.

You will be invited to complete 4 online surveys over the next 18 months and have the option to participate in interviews to discuss your experiences. We are not part of DCF and your answers will be confidential. Participation is voluntary.

To thank you for your time, you will receive \$25 for the 1st survey, and up to \$130 total for completing all 4 surveys. If you decide to complete interviews, you can receive \$50 per interview – up to \$200 more. To be eligible for the study, you must be a parent who has recently become involved with the system.

Next step: Please click on the QR code below. From there, you can let us know if we can contact you with the survey link.



If you have problems with the QR code, text this email: <u>PowerOfParents@fsu.edu</u> with your name, phone number, and if you are interested in participating (yes or no).

We look forward to hearing from you!

OCTOBER IS

Safe Sleep Awareness Month





It is recommended that babies sleep:

- Alone
- On their Back
- Clear and in a Crib
 - Clear of pillows, blankets, bumpers, or other products
 - In a crib that meets the federal standards

Each year, there are about 3,400 sudden unexpected infant deaths (SUID) in the US.

The three most common types of SUID include SIDS, unknown cause, and accidental suffocation or strangulation.



Safe sleep practices can help reduce the number of cases of sleep-related infant deaths and deaths due to sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS). SIDS and sleep-related infant deaths disproportionately impact American Indian/Alaskan Native, Black, and Hawaiian Native/Pacific Islander families. In 2021, the Safe Sleep for Babies Act made it unlawful for companies to manufacture, sell, or distribute crib bumpers or inclined sleepers for babies under a year old. A pediatric Doctor from Children's Memorial Hermann Hospital in Houston shared some tips for safe infant sleep practices:

Do

- Follow the Safe Sleep Policy from the American Academy of Pediatrics.
- Share a room with your baby, not a bed.
- Lay your baby on a flat, firm surface.
- Use products specifically designed for infant sleep.

Don't

- Don't co-sleep or lay your baby down on soft furniture.
- Don't use a sleeper that inclines more than 10 degrees.
- Don't use crib bumpers, stuffed animals, pillows, or blankets.
- Don't use commercial devices that claim to reduce the risk of SIDS as often the claims are untested.

Information obtained from: UTHealth Houston, US Congress, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, & Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development



Homelessness among youth is a complex social issue with a variety of underlying factors. These factors may include, but are not limited to: poverty, family instability and conflict, abuse and neglect, involvement in the child welfare or juvenile justice systems, lack of affordable housing, lack of job opportunities that pay a living wage, mental health issues, and substance misuse. During homeless youth awareness month, organizations work to address the root causes of homelessness, advocate for the needs of those experiencing homelessness, and take steps to end and prevent youth homelessness.

"UNSTABLE, UNSAFE HOUSING SITUATIONS SETS YOUTH ON A PATHWAY TO GREATER TRAUMA, RISK AND INSTABILITY"

While homelessness may appear to be a straightforward term, it can take on many forms. This includes sleeping outside, on public transportation, in a car, in a motel, on a friend's couch (often called couchsurfing), and in shelters. Youth that are experiencing homelessness are more likely than the general population to endure threats to the health, safety, and wellbeing. Some of these effects include:

- Poor school performance, sometimes resulting in dropping out
- Involvement in the criminal justice system
- Mental health issues
- Substance misuse
- Being physically or sexually assaulted
- Being trafficked
- Resorting to survival crime
- and more...

Statistics

- Approximately 1 in 30 youth ages 13-17 experience homelessness in a 12-month period.
- About 3.5 million young adults, age 18-25, experience homelessness in a year.
- In 2020, there were 1.1 million children pre-k through 12th grade enrolled in US public schools.
- LGBTQ+ youth were twice as likely to experience homelessness.
- Black youth are at an 83% more risk than white youth to experience homelessness.

Information obtained from: Covenant House, National Network for Youth, The Annie E. Casey Foundation, and The National Alliance to End Homelessness

November 2023



HISTORY

National Adoption Month was first proclaimed by President Clinton in 1995 following the wide recognition of Adoption week. The month is designated to raise awareness about the urgent need for adoptive families for the youth in foster care. In recent years, awareness efforts have largely focused on adoption for teens, as teens wait longer for permanency and are at risk for aging out. Establishing secure connections for these youth is critical for future health, wellbeing, and success.

ADOPTION AWARENESS MONTH

FACTS & STATISTICS

- More than a third of Americans share that they have considered adoption, but only 2% have adopted.
- Currently, there are over 400, 000 children in foster care.
- In 2021, there were over 114,000 children and teens waiting to be adopted who were at risk of aging out of foster care.
- More than 1 in 5 children waiting to be adopted are teens.
- The average age of all children waiting to be adopted in 2021 was 7.5 years old.
- The average time in care for children waiting to be adopted is just under 3 years. 60% of children in foster care spend 2-5 years in the system before being adopted.
- Over 50,000 foster children are adopted each year.

HOPE FOR THE FUTURE

All children deserve a forever family. Becoming a foster parent or adopting can help provide a solid foundation and bright and hopeful future to these youth.

WHY PEOPLE CHOOSE TO ADOPT

People choose to adopt for many reasons including completing their existing family, wanting to give a child a forever family, and not being able to have biological children of their own.

Information obtained from: Children's Bureau and Specialized alternatives for Families and Youth

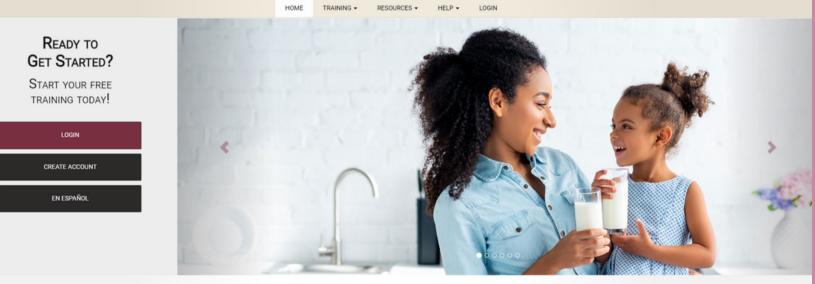
Co-Parenting Resources

FSU offers a free, online co-parenting course. This course includes many resources that may to helpful for the families you serve. On the next page, you can watch two parents describing their experiences with trauma and how those experiences have impacted their parenting/co-

parenting.

FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY SUCCESSFUL CO-PARENTING AFTER DIVORCE

DA STATE UNIV



TOOLKIT INCLUDES THREE MODULES

See the training at <u>coparenting.fsu.edu</u>

Watch the videos below.





See <u>coparenting.fsu.edu</u> for more information.

New Project

The Clearinghouse is starting a new project called "Parenting Club." Through this new project, program staff will be provided information that can be distributed right to parents via text message. This information is tailored to the age range of the children. Parents will learn bite size parenting skills including how-to videos for them to watch.



FOLLOW THESE EASY STEPS:

3

Identify Clients who have children ages 0 to 1

Decide how often your program wants to send messages.





Ask your client if you can send them information and tips about their child's development

2

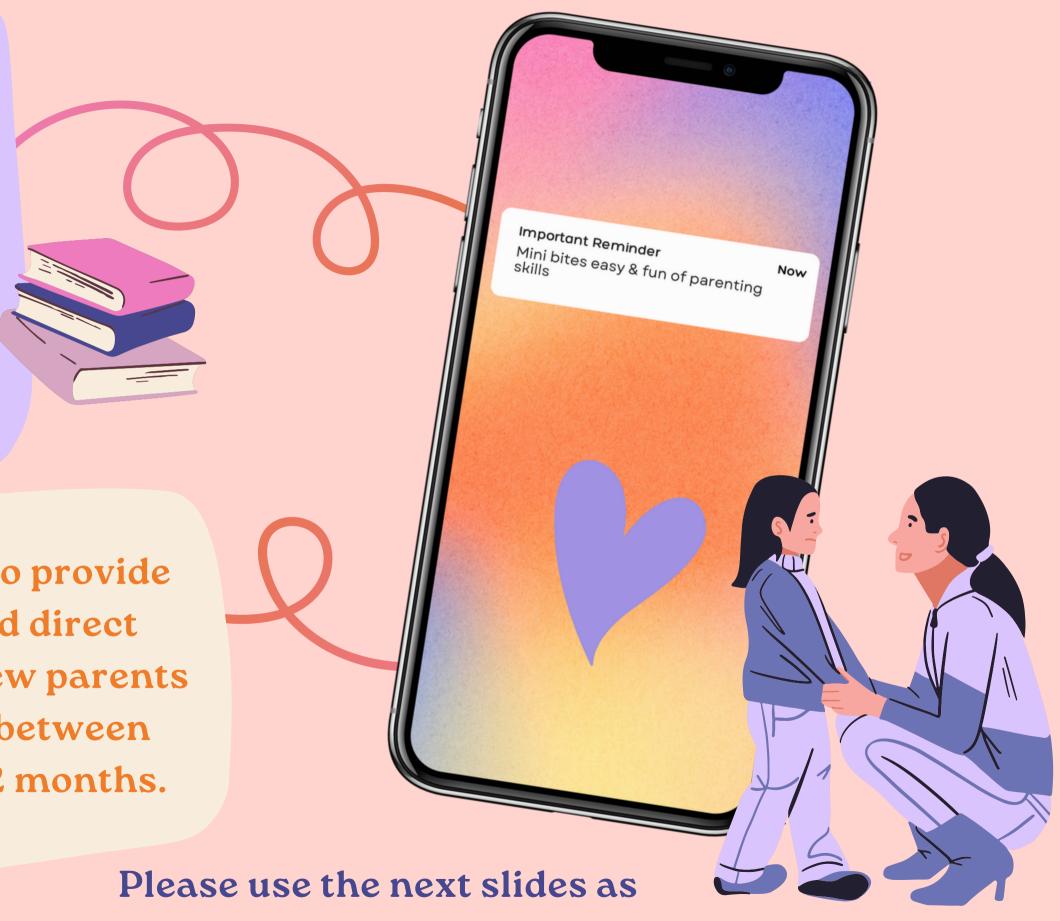
we recommend sending a message every 15 days

> Decide which platform you would like to send these messages.





In the following slides, you will find useful and easy microparenting skills, designed to be sent to parents via text message.





Our aim is to provide simple and direct advice for new parents of infants between birth and 12 months.

examples of texts you can send.

HOW TO HOLD YOUR BABY?



Keep the baby close to your body Make sure that the baby's face is not covered or obstructed

Secure the baby's head close to your chest





<u>Easy</u> <u>video</u> <u>tutorial</u>



DIFFERENT WAYS TO HOLD YOUR BABY

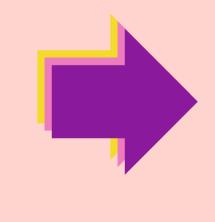
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Dad shows <u>various</u> techniques you can use.

Click to watch the video

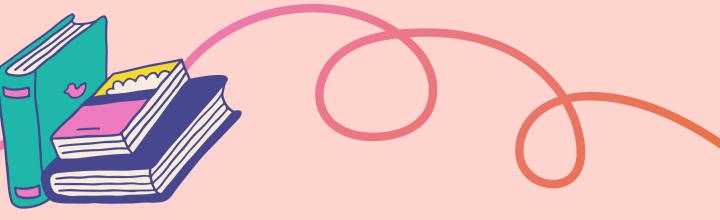
THE IMPORTANCE OF EYE CONTACT

<u>Eye Contact:</u> <u>Key to Bonding</u> <u>with Baby</u>



Making eye contact is the most powerful mode of establishing a communicative link between humans.

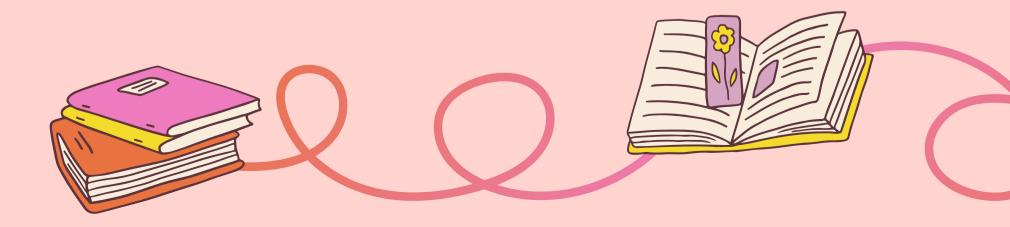
Click to watch the video

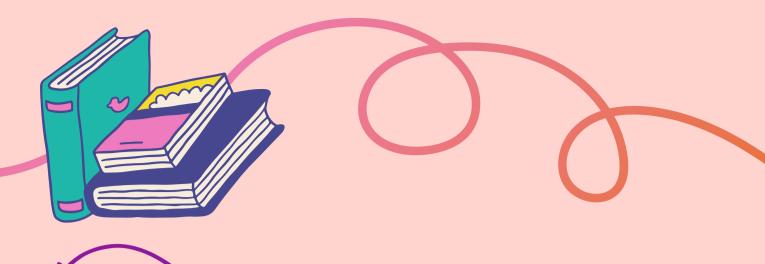




PUTTING YOUR BABY TO BED

<u>Quick tips for</u> <u>newborn</u> <u>sleeping</u> <u>techniques</u>





<u>Sleep basics</u> for babies 3 to <u>9 months old</u>



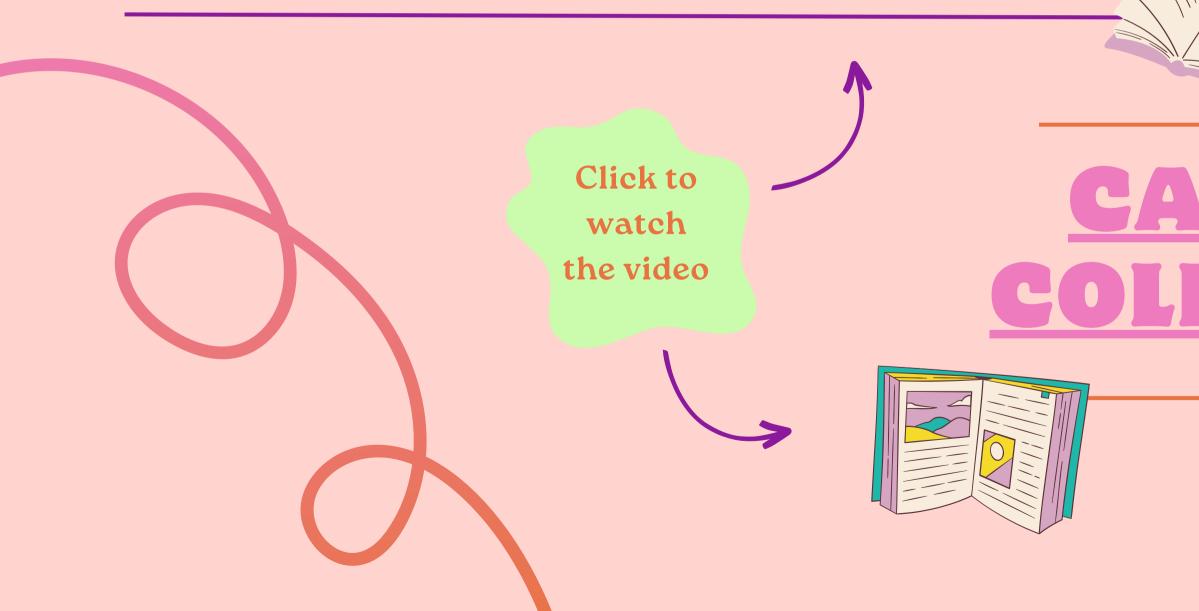




Use soft toys



HOW TO SETTLE A FUSSY BABY





BOTTLE FEEDING YOUR BABY



Click to watch the video



TIPS FOR TEACHING YOUR BABY SELF-FEEDING

TAREGARE OF YOURSEF

HAPPY PARENT = HAPPY CHILD



Click the links to access the videos

SELF-CARE AND DARENTING



TODDLER (1 - 3 YEARS OLD)

IFVS - FSU

WELCOME TO OUR



COMMUNICATING WITH YOUR CHILD

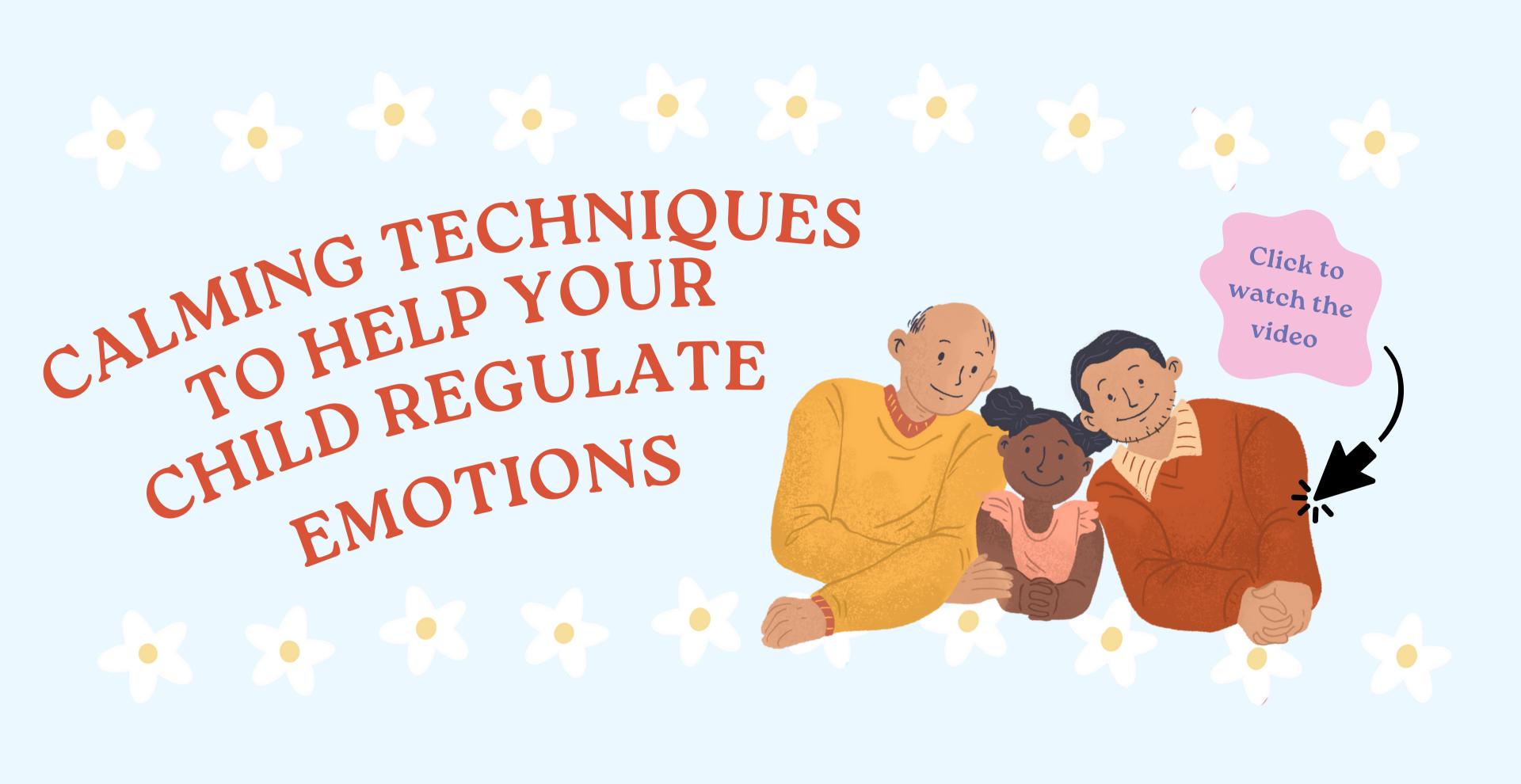
Click to watch the video





POSITIVE DISCIPLINE TECHNIQUES YOU CAN TRY.





WHY IS GIVING YOUR KID CLEAR DIRECTIONS IMPORTANT?

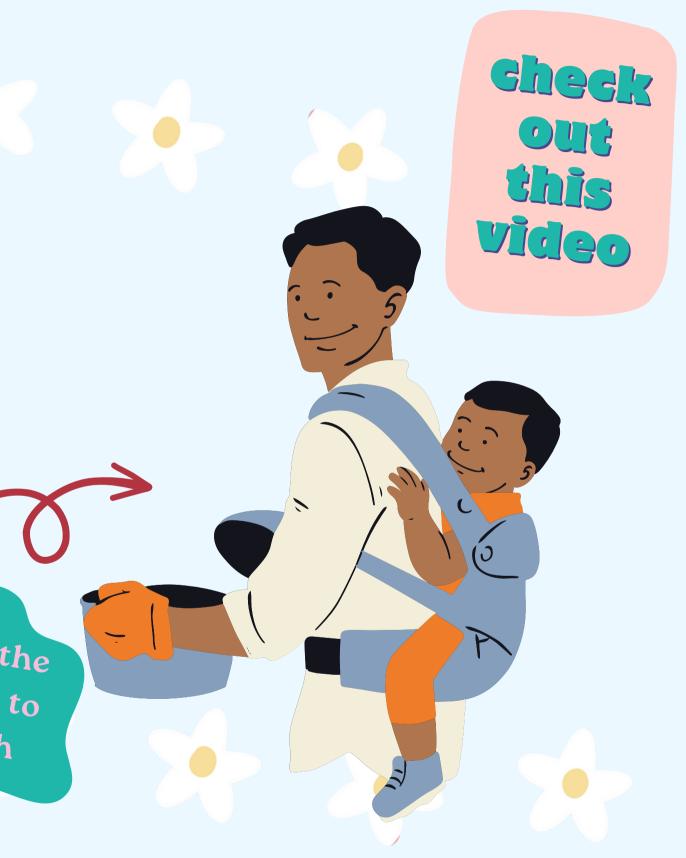
CLICK THE IMAGE TO WATCH THE VIDEO





WONDERING HOW TO BUILD **THE SELF-ESTEEM OF YOUR CHILD?**

Click the image to Watch



Click the image to watch the video

WAYS TO PROMOTE **HEALTHY EATING** HABITS IN YOUR KIDS

